To determine which section has a greater percentage of students with scores at or above 80, we need to analyze the box plots for both sections.

For Section A:

- The median score (the line inside the box) is around 90.

- The third quartile (top of the box) is around 115.

- 25% of students scored between the median and the maximum score (since this is the upper half of the box plot).

- Since the median is already above 80, more than 50% of students in Section A scored above 80.

For Section B:

- The median score is around 85, which is above 80.

- The third quartile is around 90.

- Again, more than 50% of students scored above 80, but the data is more clustered around the median.

Given the distribution:

- In Section A, a broader range of scores exists with a large portion above 80.

- In Section B, the scores are more clustered, with many near the median.

Therefore, more students in Section A have scores at or above 80.

The answer is (A) Section A.